# **PySpec Documentation**

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PySpec is a behavior-driven development library in the spirit of RSpec. It enables you to test your code by specifying expected outcomes in prose-like language:

```
mug = Mug()
with description(Mug):
    with description('.fill')
    with context('coffee'):
        with specification('fills the mug with coffee'):
            mug.fill('coffee')
            expect(mug.contents).to(eq('coffee'))
```

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# **Contents**

# 1.1 Expectations

Expectations are a way to defined expected outcomes using examples. They may be used outside of PySpec by importing pyspec.expections.

The basic usage pattern of PySpec Expectations is:

```
expect(actual).to(matcher(expected))
expect(actual).not_to(matcher(expected))
```

## 1.1.1 What are matchers?

Matchers are objects that have the following methods:

- match (expected, actual)
- failure\_message()
- failure\_message\_when\_negated()

#### 1.1.2 Built-in matchers

PySpec Expectations comes with several matchers for testing common outcomes.

## **Object equivalence**

```
Passes if actual == expected:
expect(actual).to(eq(expected))
```

## **Object identity**

```
Passes if actual is expected: expect (actual) .to(be(expected))
```

#### Comparison

```
Passes if actual > expected:
expected(actual).to(be_gt(expected))
Passes if actual < expected:
expect (actual) .to (be_lt (expected))
Passes if actual >= expected:
expect(actual).to(be_gte(expected))
Passes if actual <= expected:
expect(actual).to(be_lte(expected))
Passes if (actual <= expected + delta) and (actual >= expected - delta):
expect(actual).to(be_within(delta).of(expected))
Passes if re.match (pattern, actual) is not None:
expect(actual).to(match(pattern))
Types and Classes
Passes if isinstance (actual, expected):
expect(actual).to(be_an_instance_of(expected))
Passes if type (actual) is expected:
expect(actual).to(be_of_type(expected))
Truthiness, Falsiness, and Existentialism
```

```
Passes if bool (actual):
expect (actual) .to (be_truthy())
Passes if not bool (actual):
expect (actual) .to (be_falsy())
```

#### **Lists and Collections**

```
Passes if expected in actual:
expect(actual).to(include(expected))
```

#### **Errors**

```
Passes if calling actual raises expected:
expect(callable_actual[, *arguments[, **kwargs]]).to(raise_error(expected))
1.1.3 API
exception pyspec.expectations.ExpectationNotMetError (message)
     Represents a failed expectation.
class pyspec.expectations.NegativeHandler(matcher, actual, *args, **kwargs)
     Used to resolve match of actual against a matcher and propogate a failure if it does.
     resolve()
          Raises an ExpectationNotMetError error with matcher's failure_message_when_negated
          if matcher matches actual.
class pyspec.expectations.PositiveHandler (matcher, actual, *args, **kwargs)
     Used to resolve match of actual against matcher and propagate a failure if it does not.
     resolve()
          Raises an ExpectationNotMetError error with matcher's failure message if matcher does
          not match actual.
class pyspec.expectations.Target (target, *args, **kwargs)
     Represents a value against which expectations may be tested.
     not to (matcher)
          Checks the negative case of an expectation being met.
          Checks the positive case of an expectation being met.
pyspec.expectations.be (expected)
     Tests identify of expected and actual.
pyspec.expectations.be_an_instance_of(class_)
     Tests that actual is an instance of expected or a descendant thereof
pyspec.expectations.be_falsy()
     Tests that actual is falsy
pyspec.expectations.be_gt (expected)
     Tests that actual is greater than expected
pyspec.expectations.be_gte(expected)
     Tests that actual is greater than or equal to expected
pyspec.expectations.be_lt (expected)
     Tests that actual is less than expected
pyspec.expectations.be_of_type(type_)
     Tests that actual is specifically an instance of expected
pyspec.expectations.be_truthy()
     Tests that actual is truthy
pyspec.expectations.be_within(delta)
     Tests that actual is within delta of *expected
```

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```
pyspec.expectations.eq(expected)
Tests equality of expected and actual.

pyspec.expectations.expect (target, *args, **kwargs)
Returns a Target to test expectations against.

pyspec.expectations.include(*expecteds)
Tests that actual is in expected

pyspec.expectations.match(pattern)
Tests that actual matches pattern

pyspec.expectations.raise_error(*expecteds)
Tests that calling actual raises error
```

# CHAPTER 2

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